

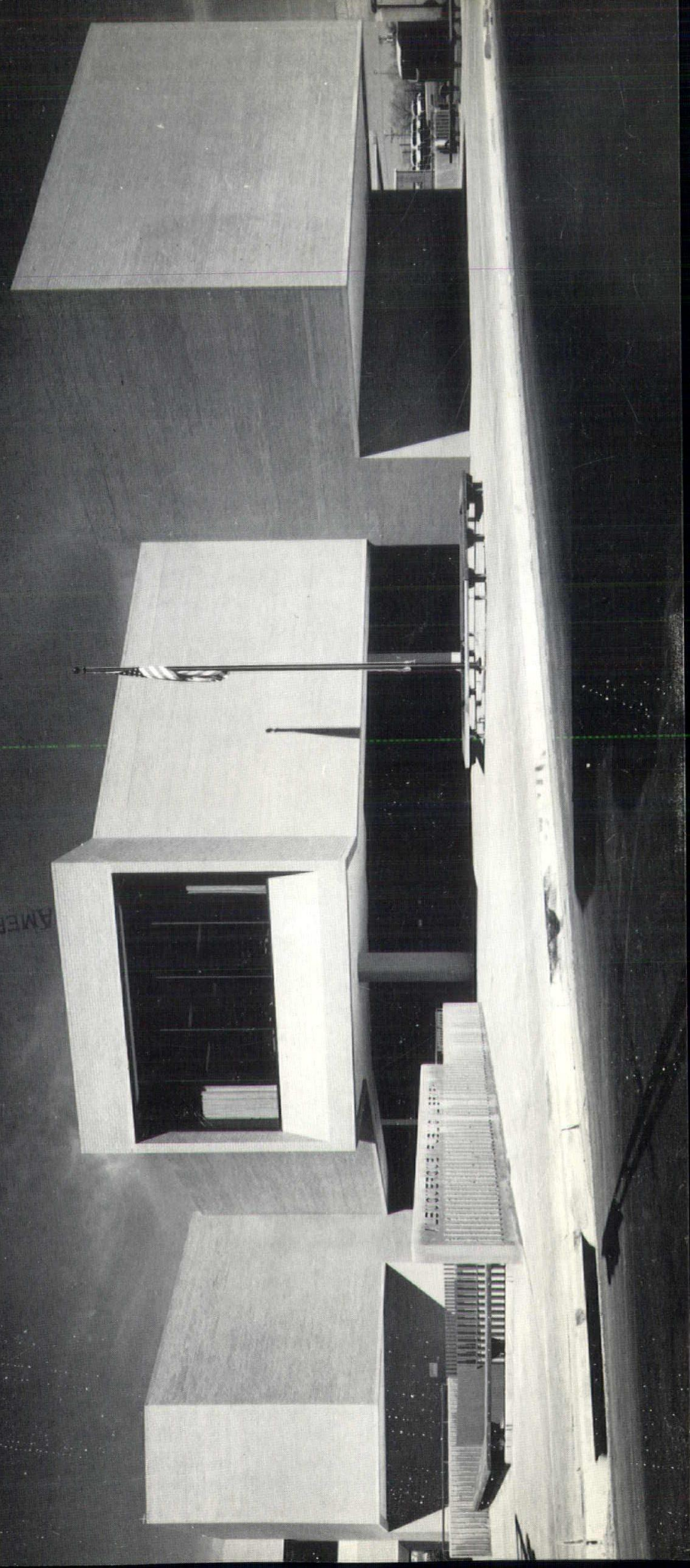
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vol. 17 no. 5

sept. - oct. 1975 • new mexico architecture

nma

A battle for conservation rages in Santa Fe. Shall the **Fort Marcy Officer's Residence**, (see our previous issue, July - August 1975, which features in detail this historic structure) be pushed aside for the expansion of the Fine Arts Museum?

Because both structures are the property of the Museum of New Mexico, this vital matter concerns all the citizens of New Mexico; you are the actual owners of these properties. You paid for them out of your pockets through tax dollars!

Current preliminary plans for the estimated 3 million dollar (also to be your tax dollars) expansion call for the destruction of the Fort Marcy Officer's Residence.

A nationally prominent architect, who makes New Mexico a second home, and who has been asked by the Museum of New Mexico Foundation to act as a consultant says: "There is nothing there... It isn't historic, architectural or anything else." He has convinced many of the Museum Board of Regents but, apparently, not the Old Santa Fe Association, the National Register of Historic Places, nor the New Mexico Cultural Properties Review Committee, all of which have outspokenly urged that the house be saved.

It should also be pointed out that the Fine Arts Museum does need **expansion**, none have denied that. But, as several New Mexico architects have pointed out, expansion **can** take place around the historic house and that, to quote the dean of New Mexico architects, John Gaw Meem, FAIA, the house, if restored, would be an "asset" with the expanded Art Museum forming a well designed backdrop.

What do you, the reader, think? Look again at the article in the July-August issue to see what is left under the cosmetics of remodeling. Write the Museum of New Mexico and express your opinion. It is your property. —JPC

NMA News 9

NMSA annual conference in October —
Neighborhood conservation guide in print.

Albuquerque Public Library 11

Stevens, Mallory, Pearl & Campbell, Architects

The Gibbon Flight Cage 20

Long & Waters, Architects

(Cover — Albuquerque Public Library)

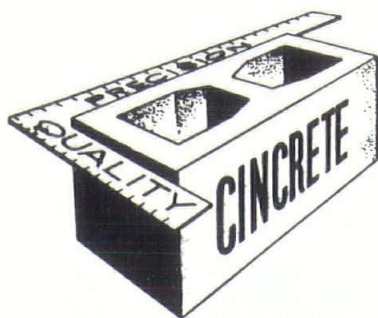
—Official Publication of the New Mexico Society of Architects, A. I. A.—

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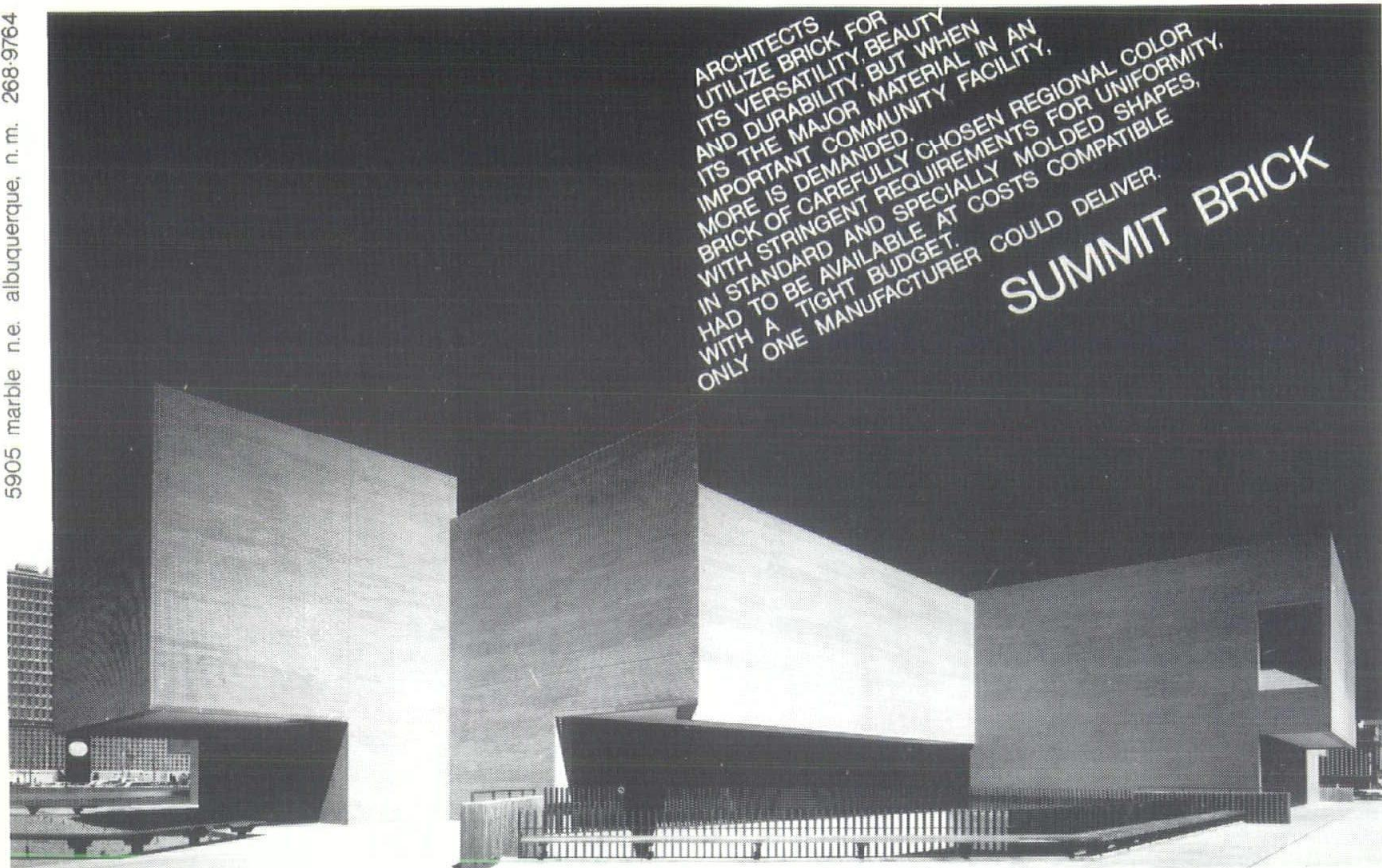
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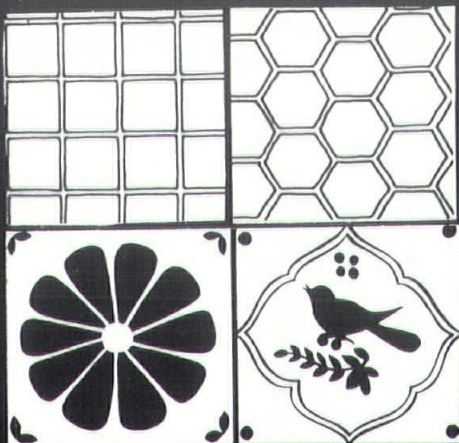


albuquerque public library

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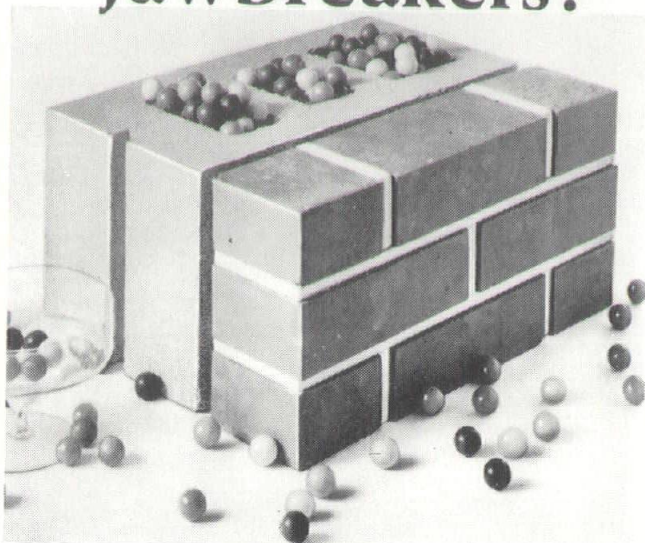
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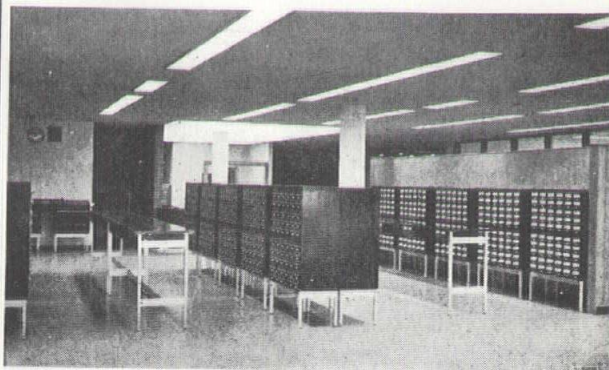
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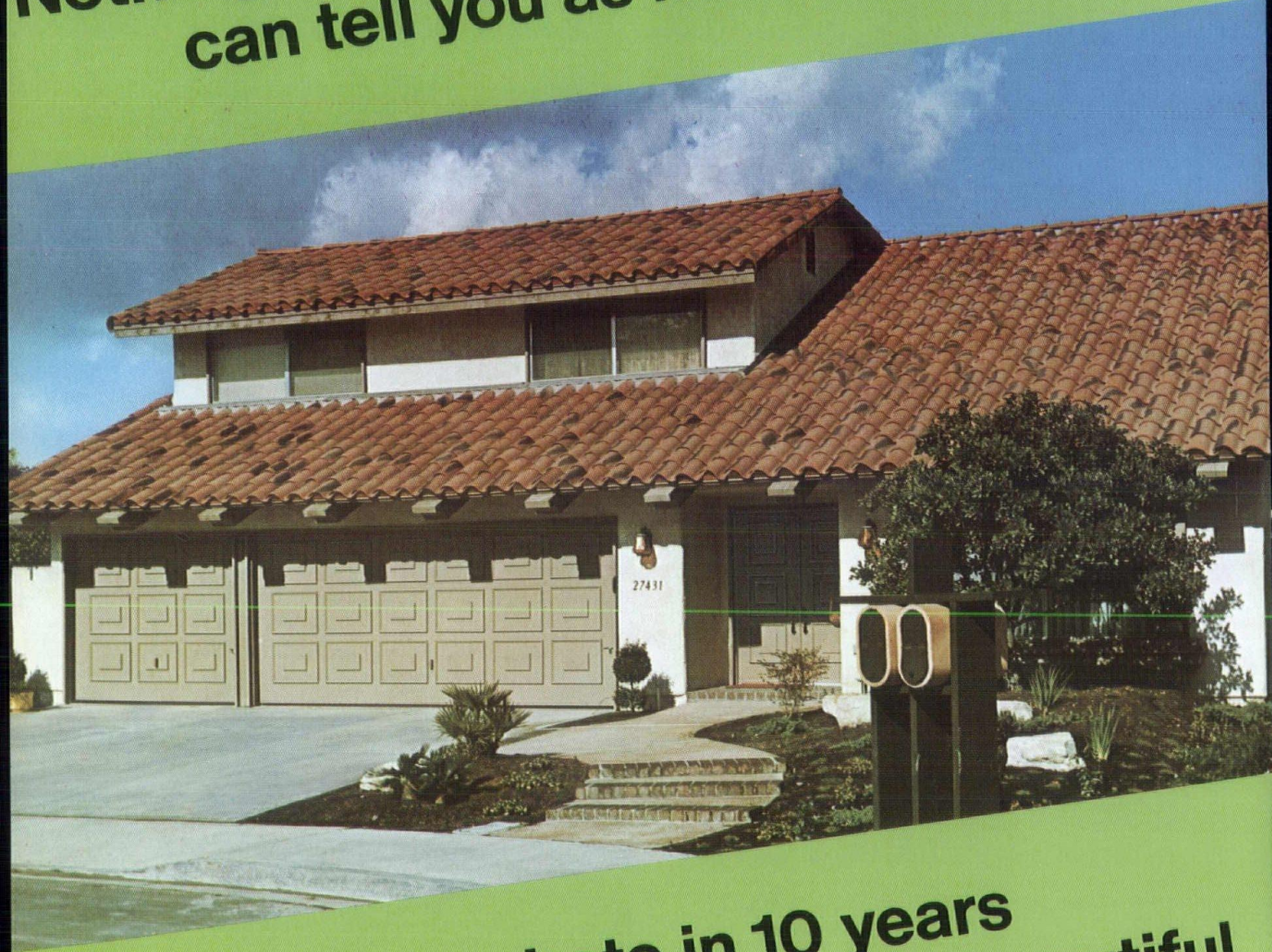
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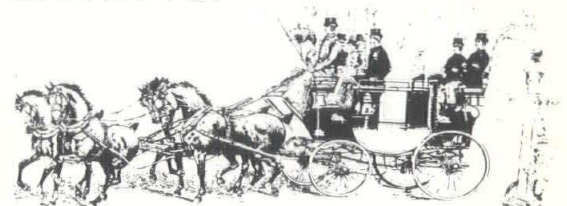
One seminar will discuss the recycling of old buildings not as historical museums but as re-useable, viable and economically feasible structured parts of existing communities. Historic preservation becomes a means for achieving community variety and maintaining visible historic roots.

The second session will look at the design potential of energy efficient buildings and inquire into the actual process of construction so that less energy need be expended by, for example, careful selection of those materials which themselves require much energy in their manufacture.

Additional convivial and educational activities are being planned — awards luncheon, hospitality in Santa Fe host architects' homes, tours of Santa Fe and environs, and a buffet supper in the old Our Lady of Guadalupe Church which is in the process of restoration as a museum and gallery.

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NEIGHBORHOOD CONSERVATION GUIDE IN PRINT

When most people think about preserving sensitive ecosystems, they think about forests, wetlands or arctic tundra. But it is not just these natural areas which should be protected — neighborhoods are also delicately balanced ecosystems in need of conservation.

A new publication from the Center for the Visual Environment (CVE) explains how and why citizens can protect and enhance the elements of their community which make it unique — the elements which create neighborhood identity. CVE's **GUIDE TO NEIGHBORHOOD ECOLOGY** is based on the premise that "the visual environment is more than just the way a street or neighborhood appears to the casual observer . . . it is a reflection of a com-

munity."

The **GUIDE** has been designed and written to encourage those individuals and organizations newly-interested in neighborhood conservation and the visual environment to become actively involved in their own communities. It explains what people around the country are doing to protect their neighborhoods from the incursion of intense development, corporate architecture, poorly planned public works projects or municipal neglect. A 7-page bibliography and "how-to-do-it" section give new neighborhood ecologists the information necessary to begin working in their own cities.

The 13-page, illustrated **GUIDE** is the first major publication of the Center for the Visual Environ-

ment (CVE), a non-profit organization set up to assist citizen groups working to enhance and protect their communities, encourage the exchange of information between such groups, promote the establishment of new groups, and enlist support for such work from organizations not traditionally interested in this field—conservation groups, labor unions, business associations and public interest organizations. CVE's board of directors is composed of representatives from environmental groups and labor unions, as well as professional architects, designers, and planners.

The **Guide to Neighborhood Ecology** is available for \$1.00 from CVE, 1525 New Hampshire Ave., Washington, D. C. 20036.

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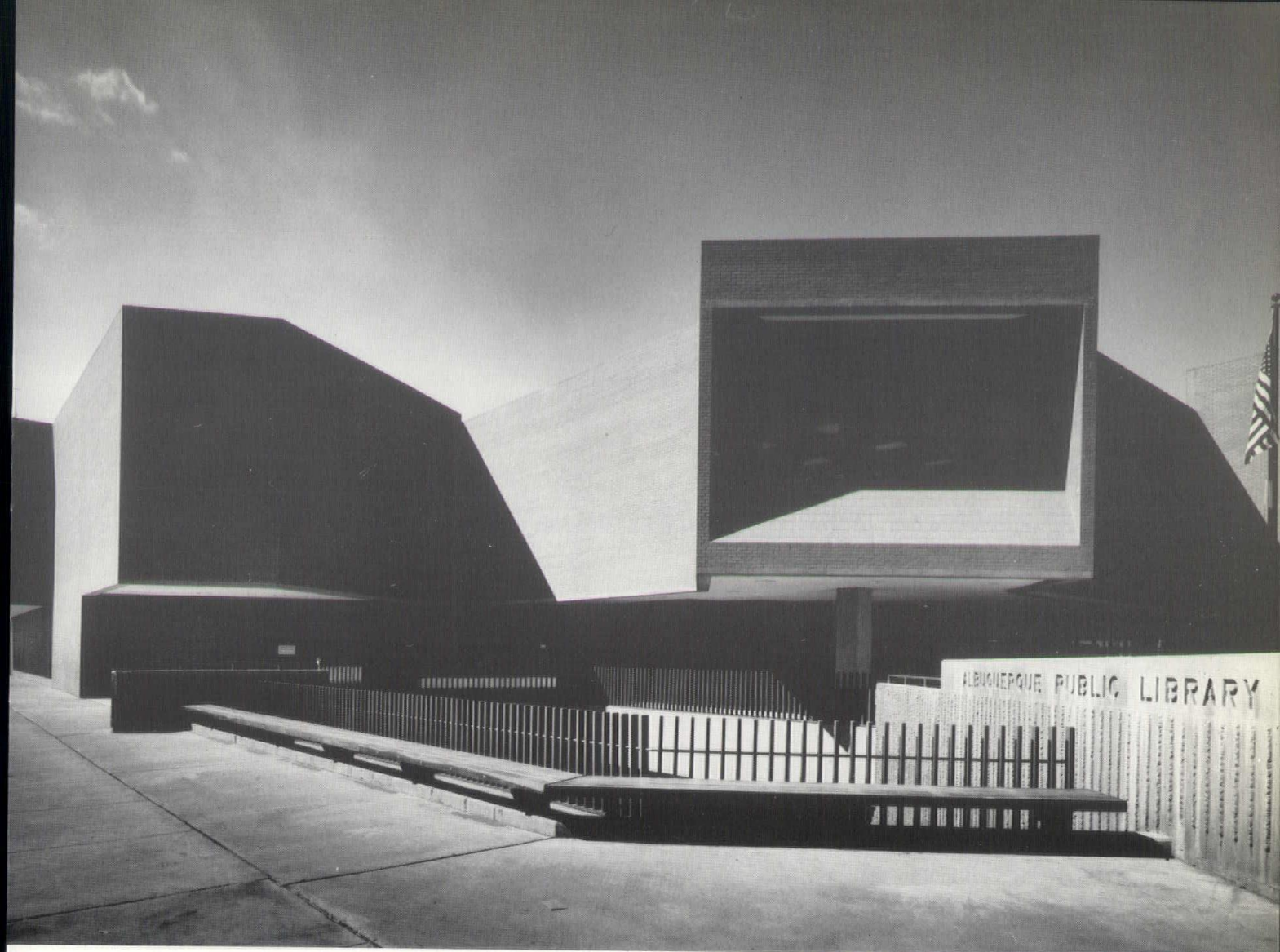
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*"We really have something to
celebrate on the corner of 6th
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--Cathy Robbins

The architects statement:

Our design of the main building of the Albuquerque Public Library System began with a great advantage which too many new buildings lack — an architecturally sophisticated client. The Director and staff, keenly aware of their problems, were determined that their architect should solve them. Many new building programs are derived directly from an unconscious remodeling of the inadequate space which the client is using at the time of the formulation of program for the new building. Many other programs are too much influenced by other new buildings which, with a change here and there, could satisfy the client's immediate needs. In both cases the solution to the design problem is damaged by a mixing of program and solution which most often overlooks the rudimentary design issues. These pitfalls were avoided in the derivation of the program for Albuquerque's new library, a collaborative effort between the director of libraries, his staff, and the architect. The main library had been operating in a 1924 building designed for a population of 20,000. No one wanted a revised version of the existing building. Also, although the librarians travel a great deal and examine new library buildings, no one had encountered a new building which they wished to copy or even to be heavily influenced by.

"Everything which we are doing now we will probably be doing differently within ten years. Give us a building which will not get in the way of our need to change . . ."

"We want the busiest urban site which we can get, where we have a chance to relate to the greatest possible number of people. Give us a building which invites these people to come in. Give us the excitement of this urban location where we want it, but protect us from the noise and busyness where it gets in our way . . ."

"Give us a building which the City and the region will be aware of, and which people will want to come to see. Give us a friendly monument without domes or grand stairways — we can't afford them, and they would get in the way of changes which we are sure to need . . ."

"Most of the patrons will feel comfortable with a reasonably high noise level. Some will want as much quiet as possible. Give us as wide a range of reader environments as possible — open lounges, partially secluded carrels, closed study rooms, open courts sheltered from the noise and danger of the street . . ."

"Give us a New Mexico building, but use no false adobe. . . ."

These statements from pre-program conversations with Library Directors Don Reichman and Alan Clark reflect their extraordinary professional excellence as well as their awareness of the responsibility of the public library to the community. They also indicate a rare sophistication in regard to the

nature of architectural programming and the role of the architect in the processes of both program and design. The clients confined themselves to definition goals and requirements, and once the program was complete we confined ourselves to solving these problems.

In addition to their definition of a superb program, the clients gave us another vital advantage. They expected an extraordinary design from us and consistently expressed their confidence in our ability to achieve it. They provided the climate of calm optimism which enabled us to do the best work of which we are capable.

Before the program was finalized, we visited twenty of the most conspicuous new libraries in the country, all close to our program of 500,000 volumes and 500 patrons. We talked to the librarians, the architects, and the library users about the good and the bad aspects of their new buildings. One circumstance became dominant. Changes in library media and methods of handling it are so rapid and omnipresent that flexibility of interior space is the pre-eminent architectural requirement for providing continuously adequate and creative library services. Everywhere, we saw that this requirement had not been met. In every library which we examined there was a mixture of public spaces with fixed building elements. Stairways, monumental multi-story shafts of vertical space, elevators, ducts shafts, toilet rooms, etc., were scattered throughout the building — all logically placed in relation to the way the library was presumed to operate at the time it was programmed, and all based upon the assumption that the functions would remain about the same for the life of the building. We found expensive built-in equipment which had already been abandoned and departments which could not grow or change because of immovable building elements.

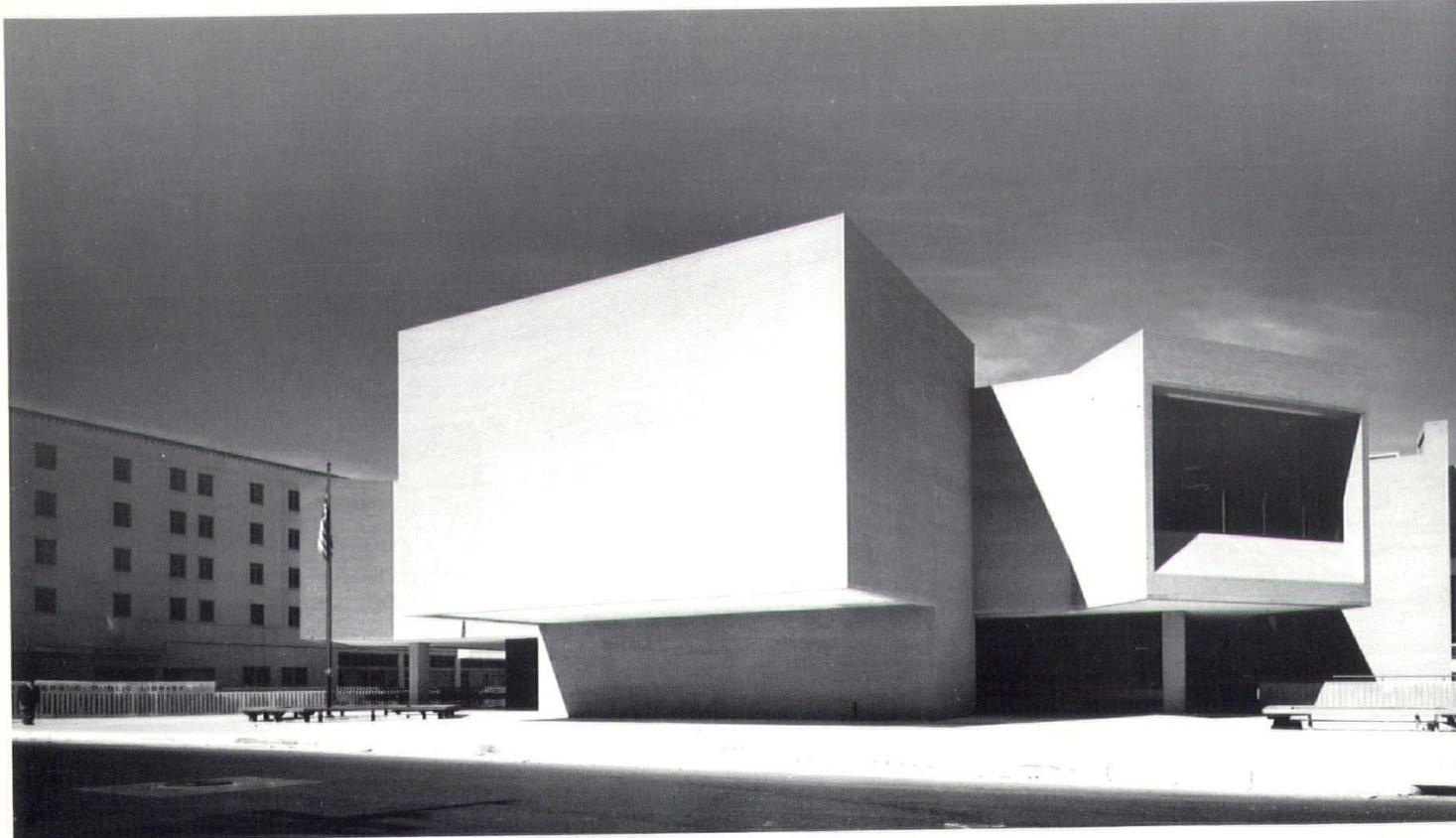
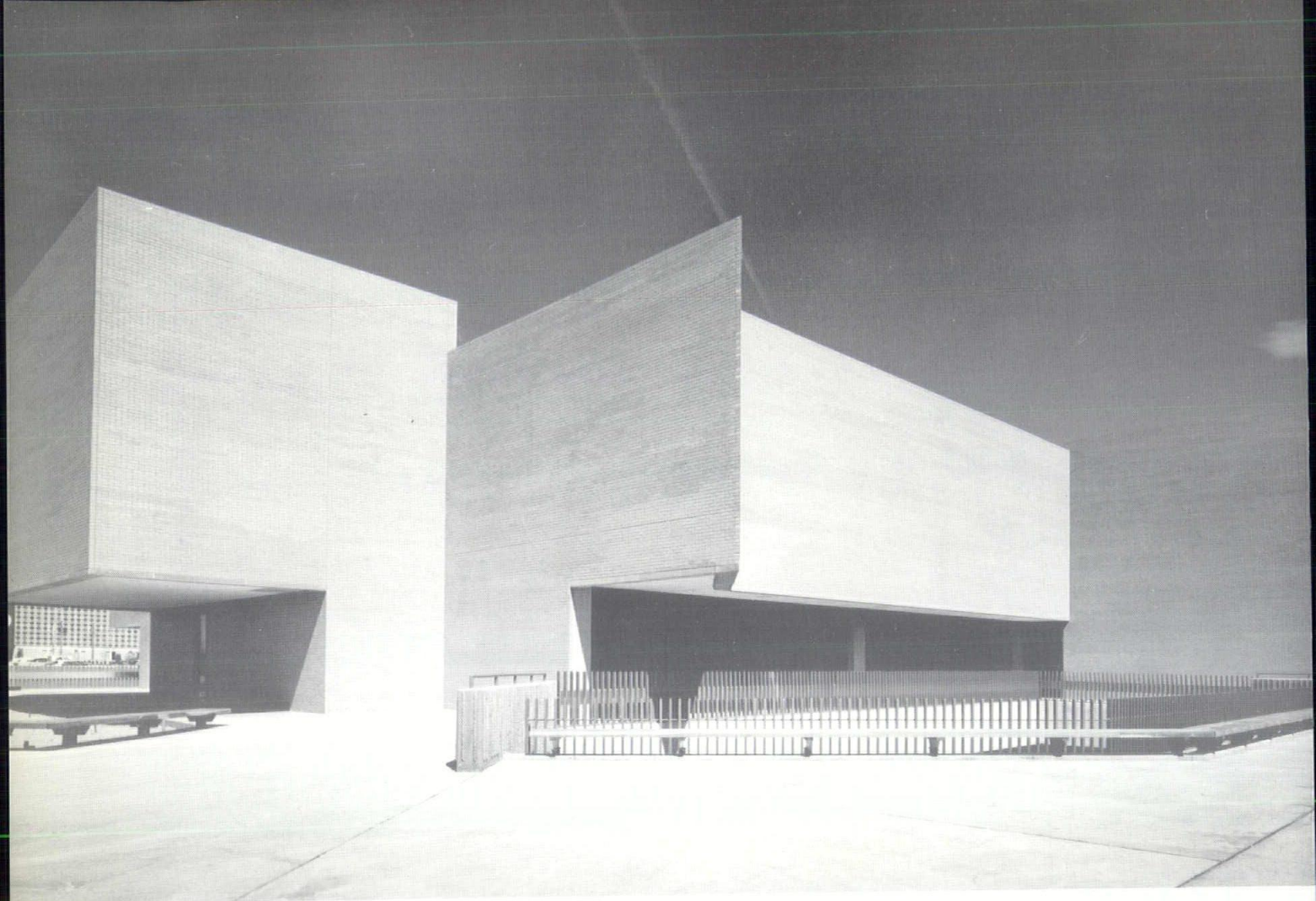
We agreed to strive for the most flexible public library in the country, and we probably have it. All walls in the master spaces are easily movable on 9'-0" coffered ceiling modules, each of which contains its own lighting, air supply and return, and connections to electrical, telephone and video systems.

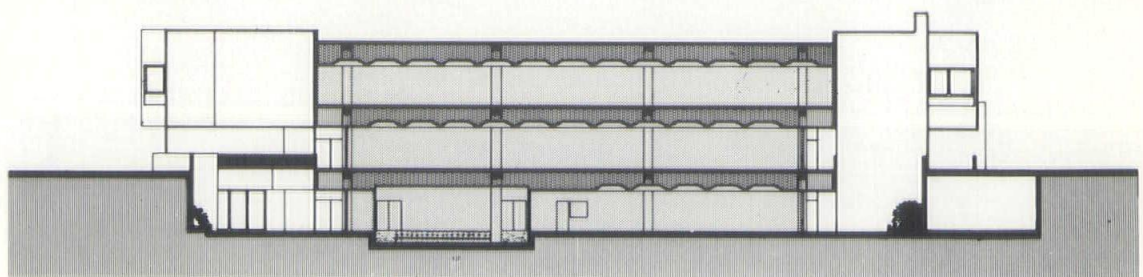
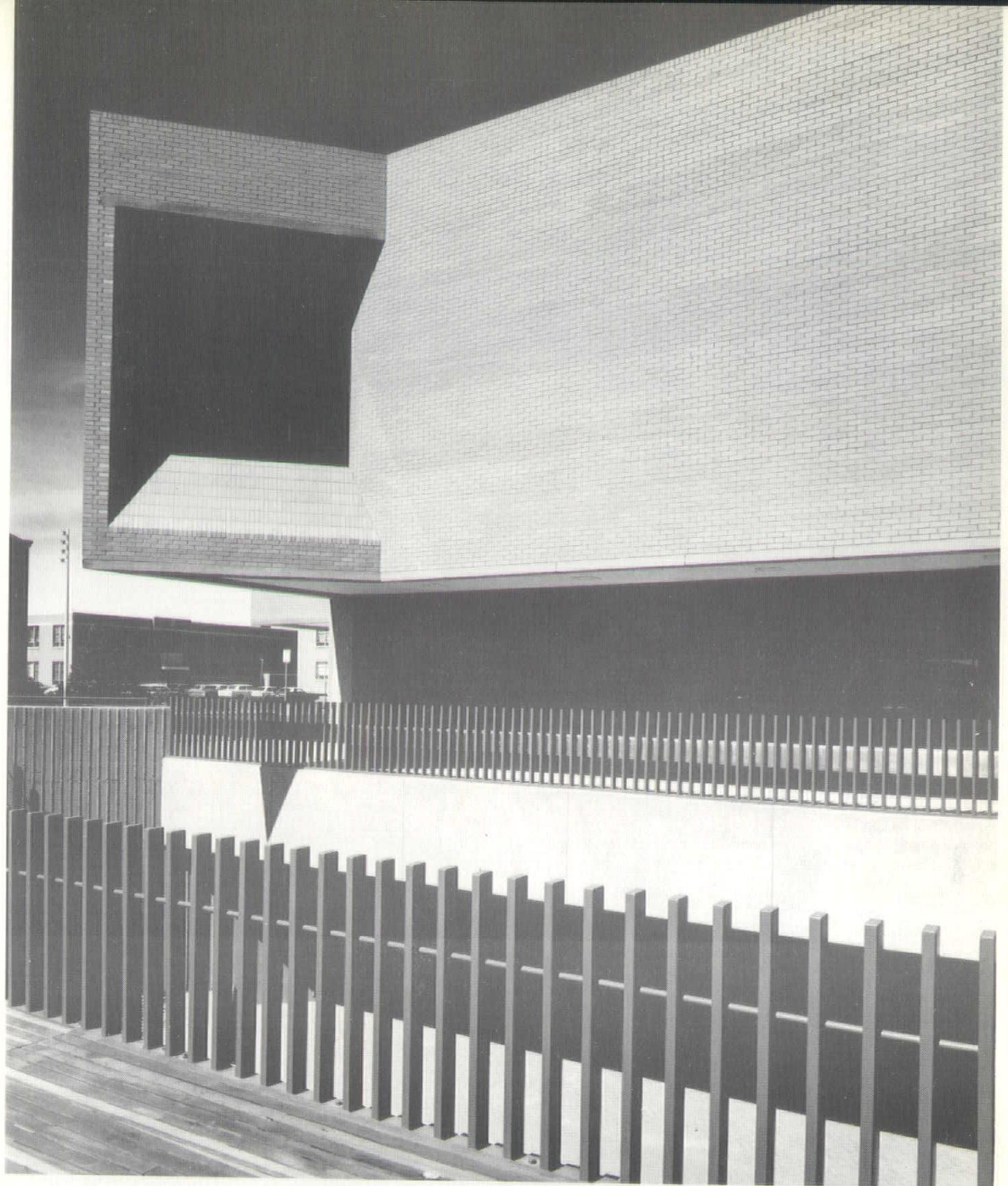
The program was finalized, and the downtown site at Fifth & Copper was acquired. Three levels were dictated by program, site, and budget. We agreed to strive for a rectangular public space on each level as large as the half block site permitted, and interrupted by nothing permanent except the structural columns, 36'-0" o.c. In order to keep the big spaces free we had to place all fixed elements in contiguous but separate buildings. We found ourselves talking in the clichés of *master* and *slave* spaces, coined by the Philadelphia school, but based upon practices at least as old as the earliest high school gymnasium with attached shower and locker rooms.

We allowed these servant buildings to be shaped

(Text continues on page 18)

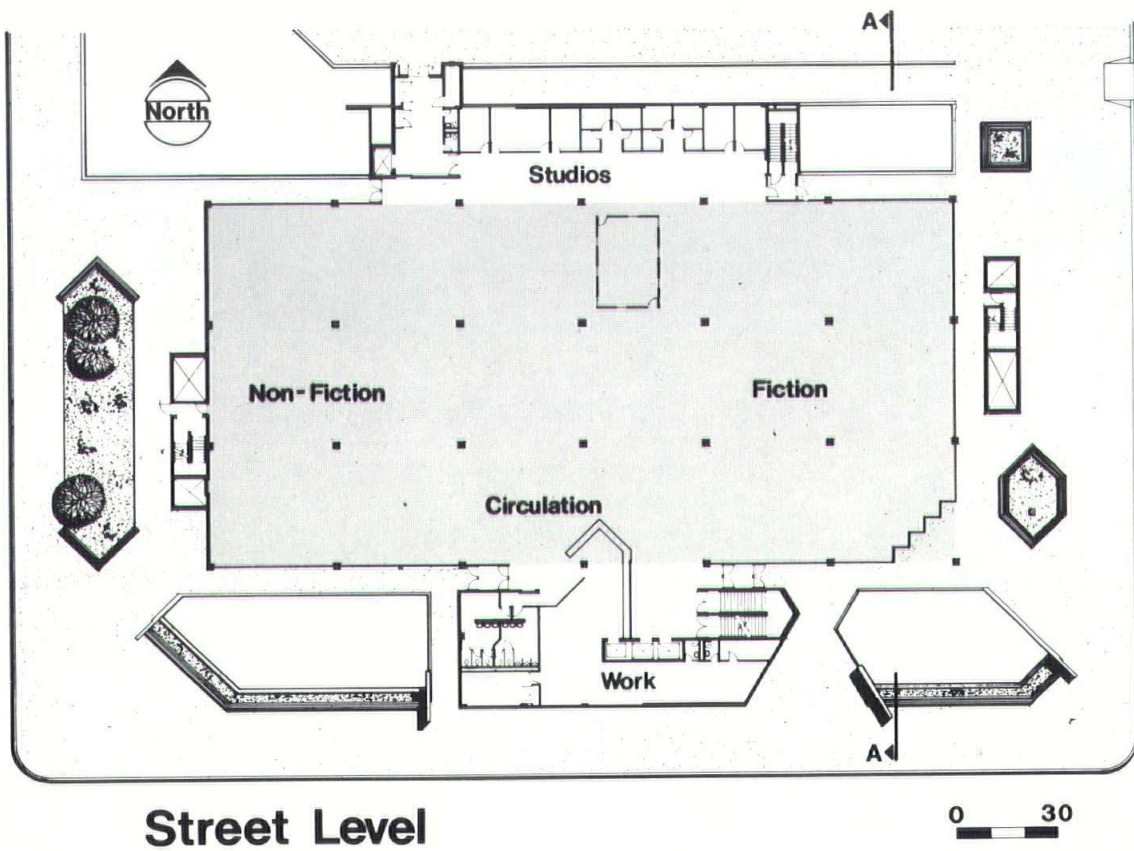
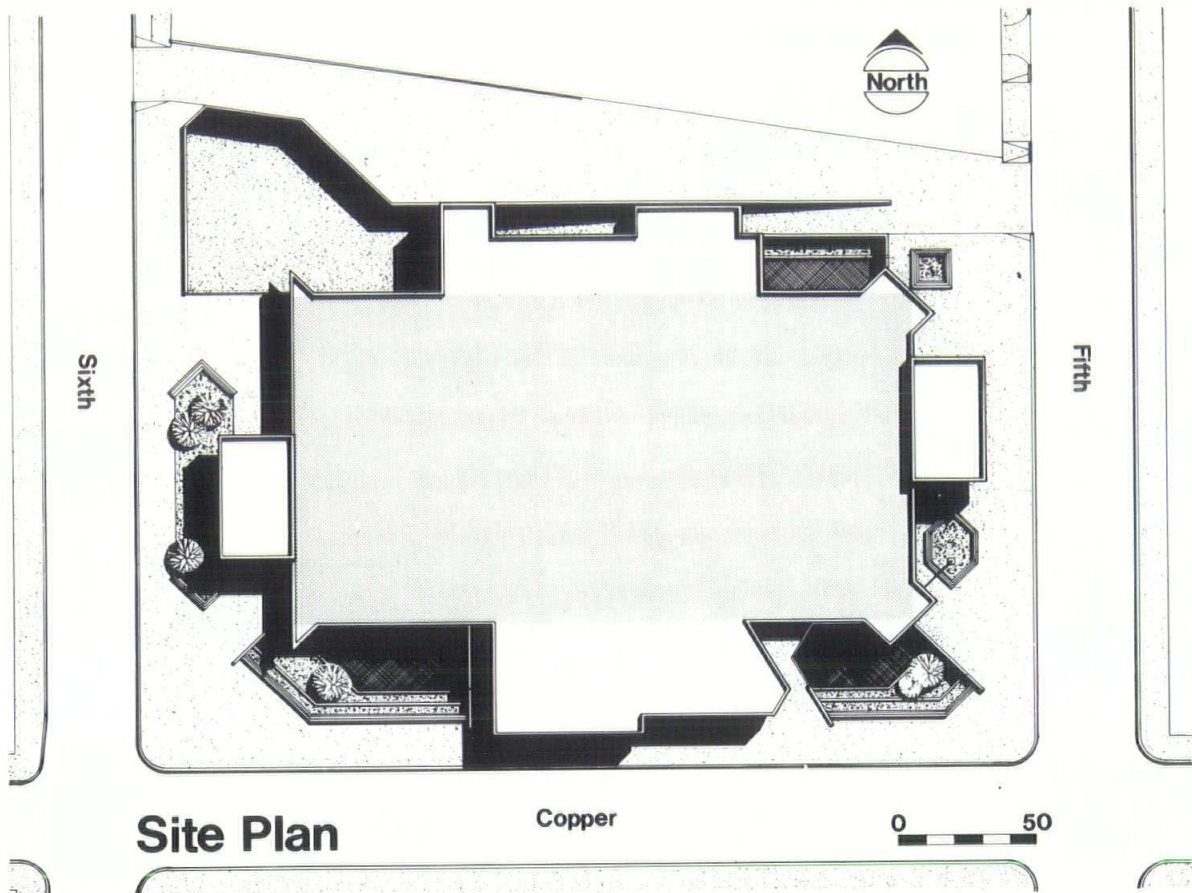


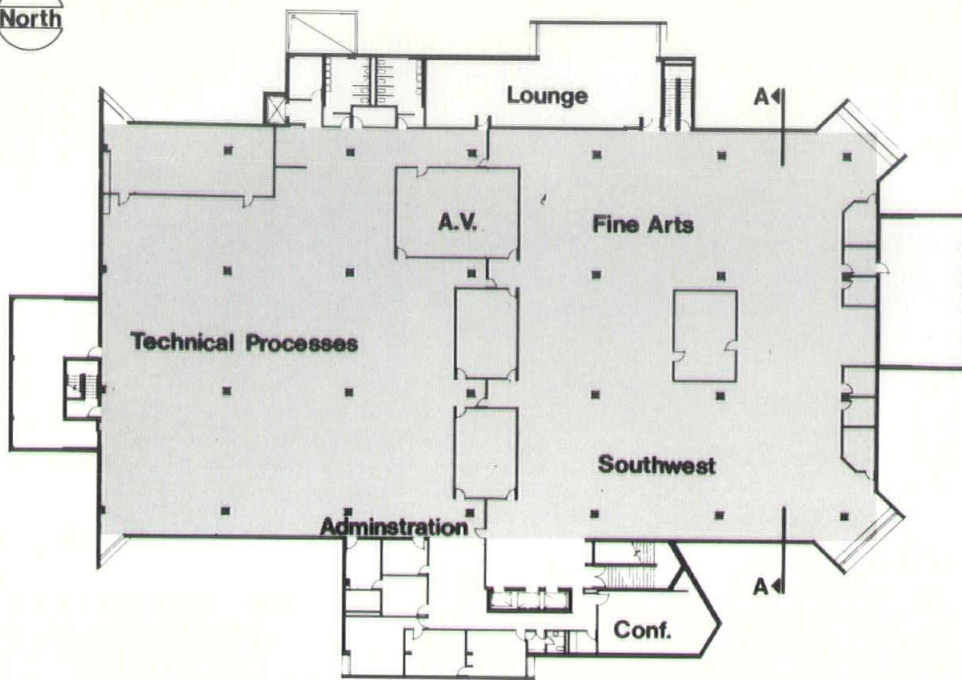




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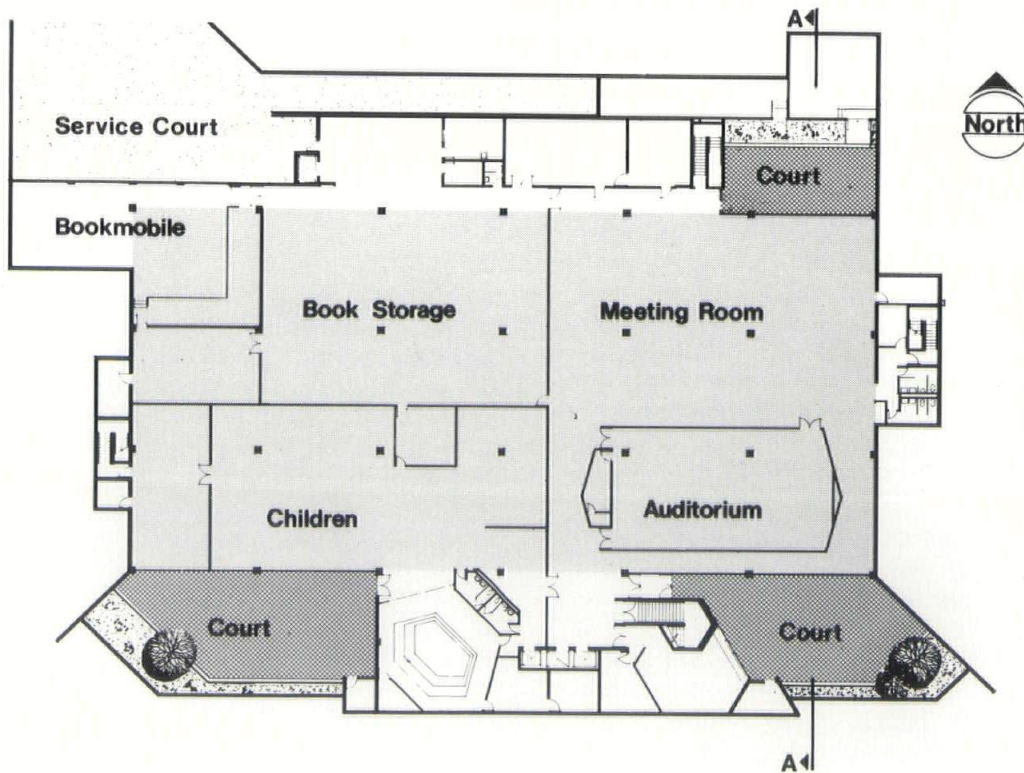
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Upper Level

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Lower Level

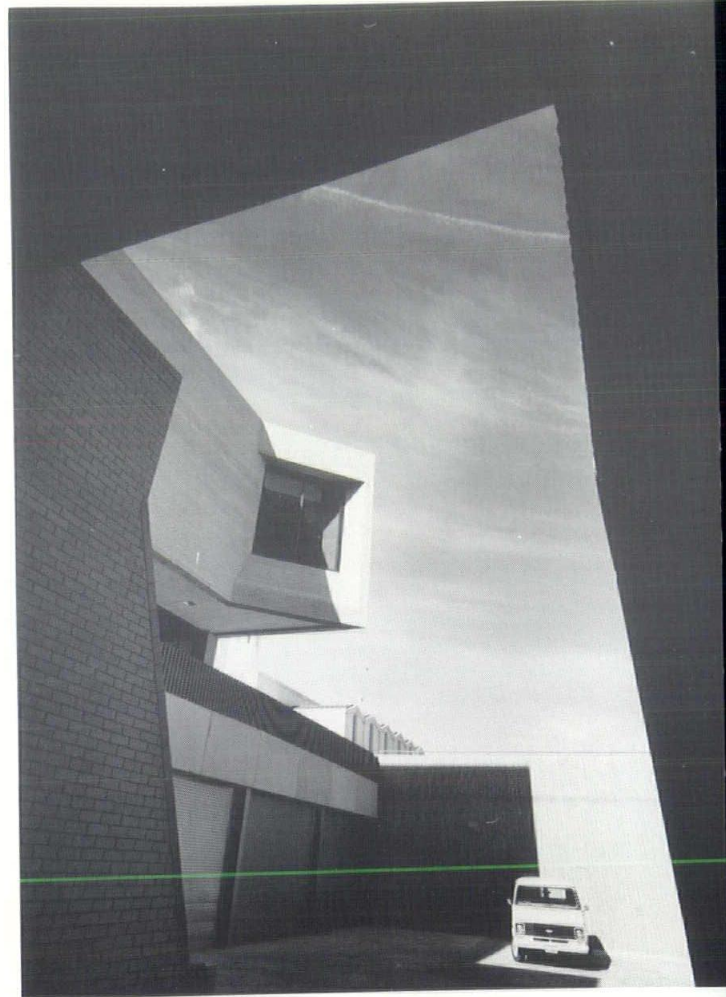
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by the functions they housed, and by their relation to the site. The heating and cooling equipment buildings were located at east and west ends with their major volumes carried by cantilevers so that as much open space as possible could be given back to the street. Elevators, stairways, toilet rooms, top administration offices and conference rooms occupy the south projection. This mass was deliberately opposed to the otherwise rigid orthograph of the street pattern and the building's structure in order to emphasize the main entrance and the main public stairways and elevators. Fixed staff and service facilities occupy the north servant building, where the staff lounge is cantilevered over a ramp leading down to a service court at the northwest corner of the site.

In order to preserve the flexibility of the main volume of public space, these servant buildings had to project outside the central rectangle. The master volume was therefore forced back from the property lines. More of the site was thus preserved for public space outside the building and the servant projections added interest to the building's massing. This configuration of large volume set back from the streets as much as thirty feet gave us the opportunity of developing basement level courts around much of the building's periphery. Three of these courts form public reading areas, sheltered from the noise and danger of the busy streets. A fourth basement court at the northwest corner of the building is devoted to all vehicular service to the building, including bookmobiles. A great advantage to these courts, aside from the interest and ambience which they give the complex, is the fact that the public level below the street is not a basement, either in feeling or building code definition. A sprinkler system, more hazardous to books than fire, was not required.

The main volume is set back so far from the street that large glass areas, well protected from the sun by the overhanging upper level, can reveal the most popular library elements to the passing public without the distractions of noise and sun. Glass on the upper level where the main public collections are housed is used sparingly and with maximum concern for providing architectural drama as well as clarification of orientation in the 30,000 square feet of this largely brick enclosed space.

Although landscaping is waiting upon the optimum planting season, maximum consideration was given to planting, both at street level and in the below grade courts, the textured concrete walls of which were designed for evergreen vines. Deciduous native trees will dominate the ample street level planting beds. Wood benches surrounding lower courts at street level are located three feet out and two feet above the required railings so that shrubbery behind the seating safely minimizes the required 42" high railing and provides additional texture and protection for the courts below. Planting



beds within courts provide for ground covers as well as deciduous trees tall enough to relate to the upper level windows, which provide near views of the rapidly changing cityscape and distant views of the Sandia Mountains.

The building is a three story facility having approximately 104,577 sq. ft. of space with provisions for adding an additional floor of 34,000 sq. ft. Cooling is provided by two 150 ton centrifugal chillers having a double bundle condensor to allow heat recovery to heat the building. Heating, in the event the heat recovery from the chillers is inadequate, is provided by a gas fueled steam boiler. Air distribution is provided by two fan systems through a dual duct, medium velocity system. Humidification is provided for the entire building.

The poured in place concrete structure has post tensioned beams and slabs. All outside walls and most permanent interior walls are of smooth surfaced, tan colored brick. S. M. P. C.

and in the opinion of a user:

I'm no Ada Louise Huxtable, but here goes. With the opening of the new main branch of the Albuquerque Public Library downtown, Albuquerque has entered the big league of public buildings . . .

The Grand Opening on March 8 was a people's affair and, more than that, a children's affair. Our three year old delightedly tailed after Winnie, Eeyore and other Pooh characters who wandered about the children's area, compliments of Sears. Stories, mime, theater, lectures, animals, puppets, crafts demonstrations — all were open to the curiosity and excitement of the hundreds of kids and adults who jammed the library on that Saturday.

But the real star of the day was the building itself. Can a building make you feel good? Yes. We've all had the experience of entering a building and sensing immediately that the building is sharing with us, in a personal way, its soul and its identity. I've felt that way in, for instance, the Hermitage in Leningrad, the Metropolitan Museum in New York (especially when ascending the great staircase) and the New York State Theater in Lincoln Center (notwithstanding the impersonality which some planners and architects ascribe to the Lincoln Center complex.)

Albuquerque's new library, though constructed on a much smaller scale than these buildings, makes me feel good. As I wandered around the three levels in March, I couldn't help but silently compare the library to the Convention Center. The library is everything the Convention Center is not — human, warm and inviting.

It's more than just the familiar look of books on the shelves. The paintings and lithographs delight the eye. The bright furniture invites sitting and sprawling. Even the wide staircases are designed with real legs and feet in mind. Stevens, Mallory, Pearl & Campbell (the architects) must really like people; they've given us a building true to us as well as to their materials and architectural concepts.

The new building gives you differing perspectives of the world and your place in that world. At one moment, you are part of the quiet intensity of intellectual work. At the next moment, as you step into a lounge area, you are figuratively thrust through the giant windows into Albuquerque's busy urban scene.

If you're on the third floor, you get a bird's eye view of the city's ever-changing skyline set dramatically against the New Mexico landscape. If you're on the main level, you have a more mundane and homey view of the auto and pedestrian traffic on the street.

The building keeps you aware of the contrast between the interior and exterior environments, while it imparts to you a sense of yourself in those environments.

On that rainy Saturday of the Grand Opening, the library was full of people, and that heightened

the excitement about the new building. Everyone was pleased as punch, and not a few citizens, including library director Alan Clark, walked around with silly grins on their faces.

The crowds reminded me that this branch, in the heart of the city, is an urban facility, that this library, with its newly widened range of community services, offers a public experience. The library opening brought home again the idea that the richness of city life derives from happenings and interpersonal relationships which simply are not possible in suburban or rural life and which enlarge one's vision of the world and self.

There are some who worry that "undesirables" from Central Avenue might intrude on the splendor of the downtown branch. But here is one who recalls her college days and the characters who haunted the New York Public and Columbia libraries. Those street scholars included some who actually read in the libraries and many who just used the reading rooms as convenient shelters. They caused no harm and added a bit of variety to the otherwise drab academic types who are often found in libraries. In any case, I hope no one chases out the grandfathers who now sit in the sun on Central Avenue but who just might find the library a more pleasant place to gather.

The new library tells us the direction we should be heading in. It proves that we can have truly exciting and beautiful modern buildings right here in River City — assuming we choose the right architects.

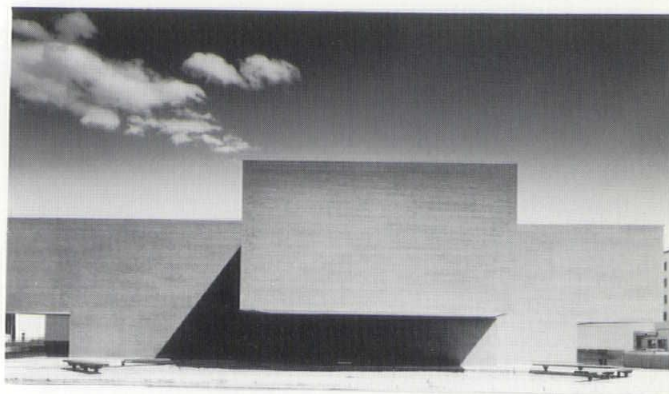
We have done it folks! We really have something to celebrate on the corner of 6th and Copper. All of us lucky people who live and/or work downtown are the chief beneficiaries. To those of you on Albuquerque's frontier — eat your hearts out! Or, better yet, try taking the bus downtown to visit the library. There's a stop just a block away.

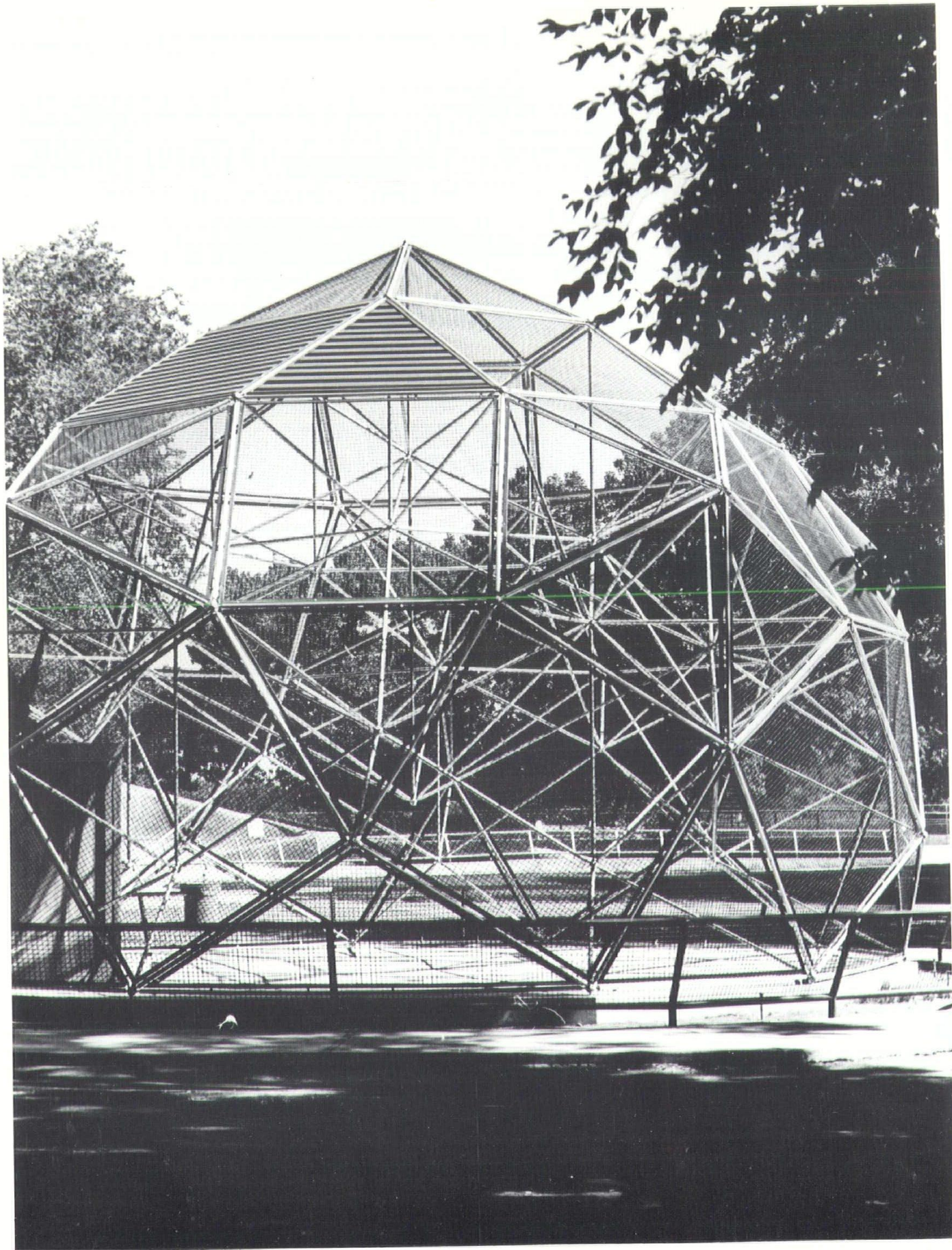
Cathy Robbins

Executive Secretary, Albuquerque Art League

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The New Mexico Independent, March 28, 1975





... STELLATED LESSER RHOMBICOSIDODECAHEDRON

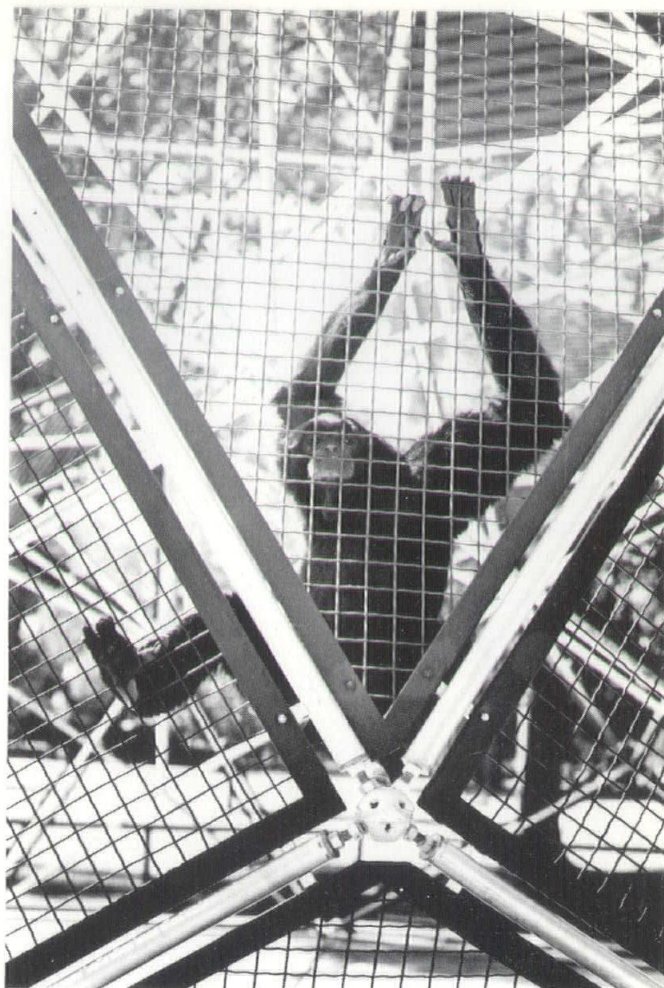
It's not the name of a star shaped animal nor is it the nephew of a rhinoceros, but the term used for the structure of a beautiful new form at the Rio Grande Zoological Park in Albuquerque, New Mexico. The form is the home of two very excited gibbons and it will be known simply as the Gibbon Flight Cage.

The cage's geometric exterior shell is comprised of an aluminum tubular grid system, creating triangular openings that are filled with contrasting black framed wire mesh panels. The interior trussing of the cage, which is very much a function of the structure, develops a playground-like atmosphere that is ideal for the gibbons whose inherent skill is brachiating, which is the act of swinging from one tree or vine to another.

The Siamang Gibbons, the largest and by far the most vocal gibbons, come from the rain forest high in the mountains of Sumatra in Southeast Asia. They perform this skill of brachiating with all the freedom and self-confidence necessary when traveling from limb to limb high above the ground.

At first there was concern that the flight cage might be "too public," causing the gibbons to be frightened or shy. This concern became even greater to a few when, during the open house and before a very large crowd, it took a good twenty minutes of pleading and prodding by members of the staff to persuade the gibbons to leave the security of the winter home and venture into the cage. Once this was done and after they had journeyed to the top a few times, the gibbons began to swing from one structural member to another with all their natural grace and beauty.

As the gibbons would swing furiously around the cage they would let go with a hooting sound that is a sign of being extremely happy. So the gibbons are obviously happy and the visitors I talked to seem pleased. In fact one lady thought they were unbelievably ugly but I watched her smile at them, talk to them and for ten minutes try to coax one nearer to the side of the cage. Possibly the most important event stemming from the flight cage addition will be the behavioral studies of the gibbons while they now live in an atmosphere that allows them much more freedom and a true natural expression. *Ron Hill*

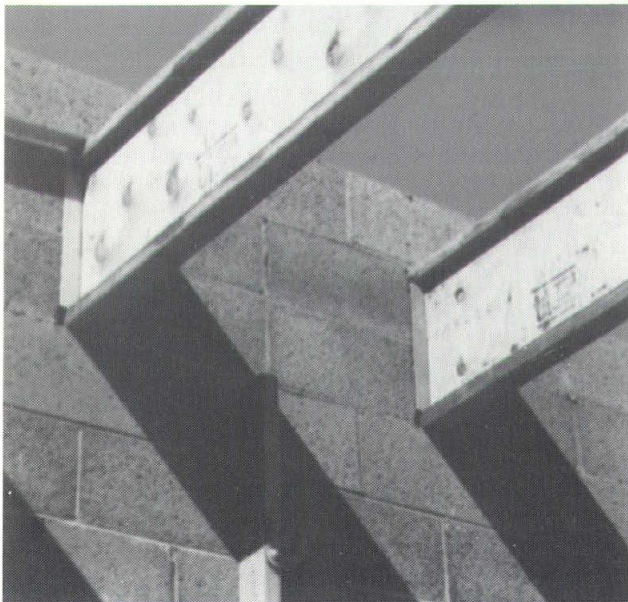
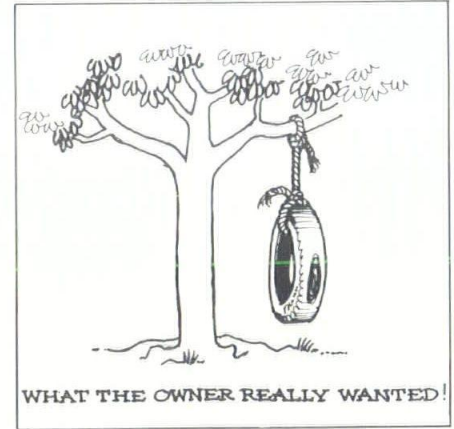
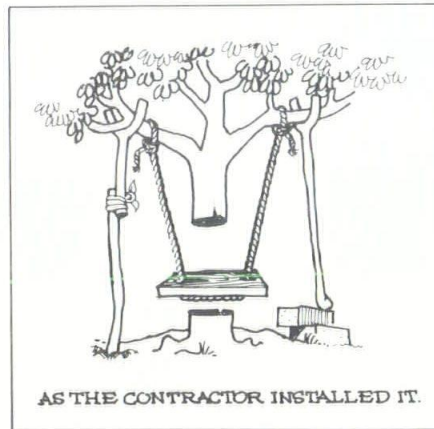
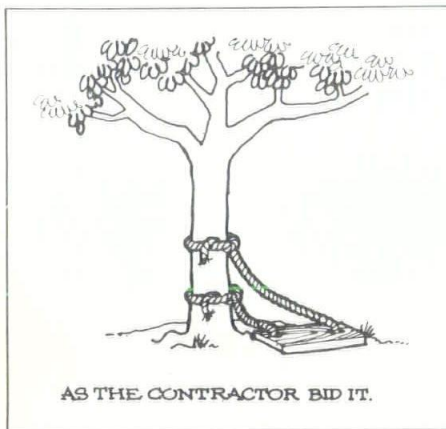
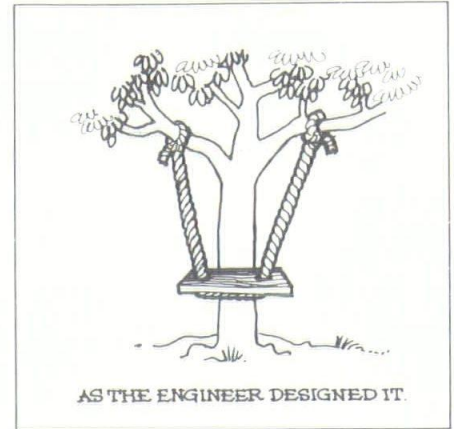
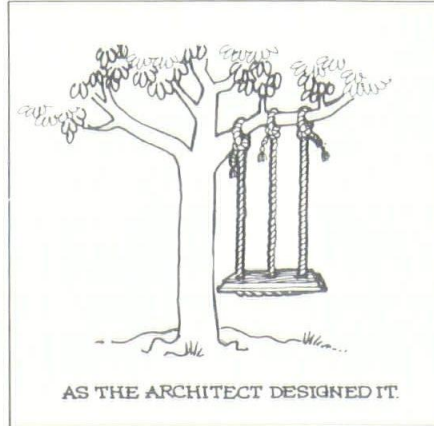


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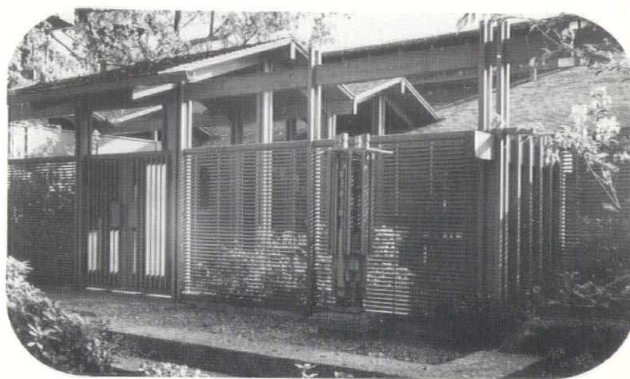
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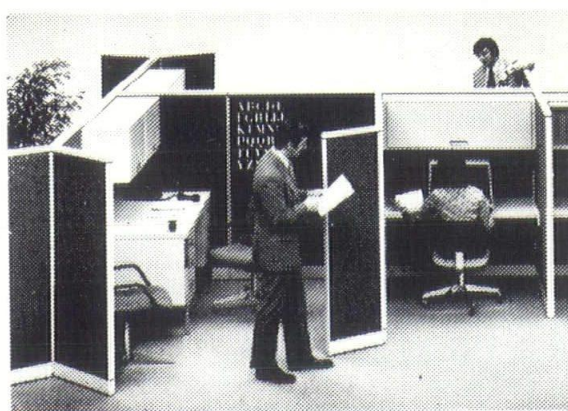
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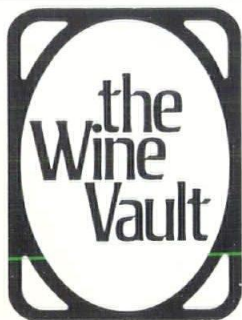
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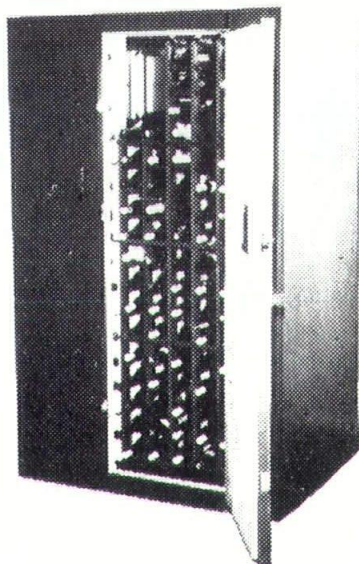
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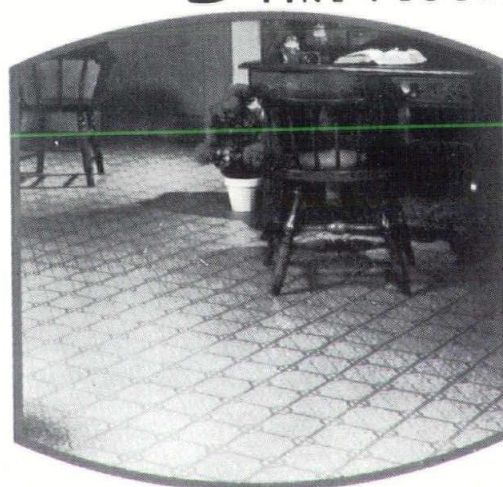
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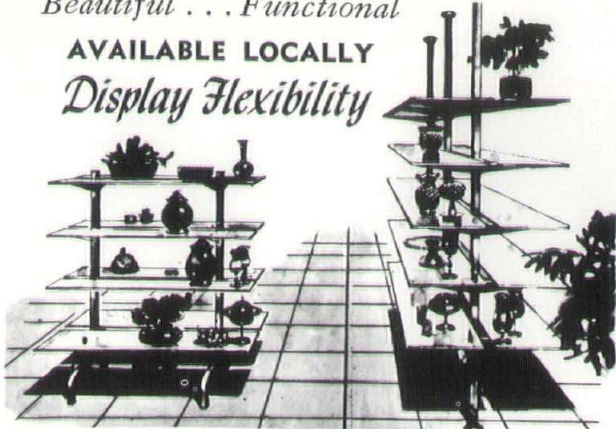
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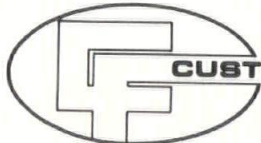


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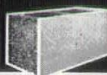
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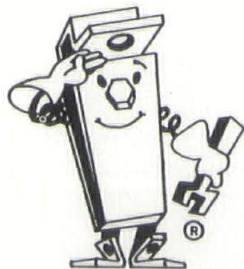
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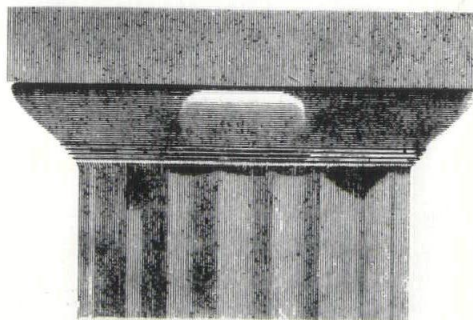
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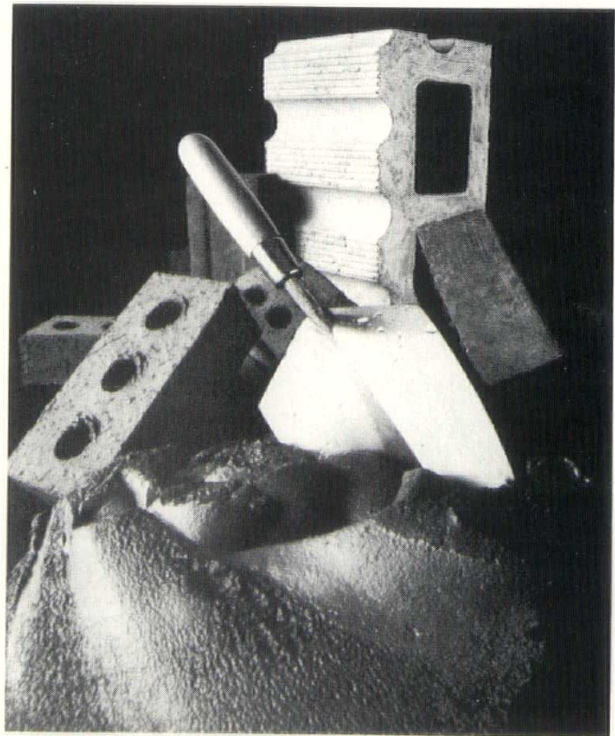
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